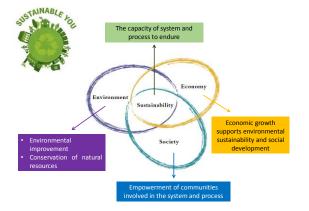
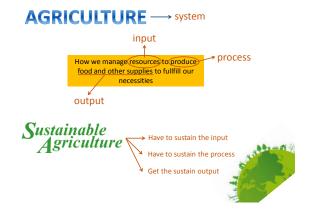
Practical Bio-resources & Agricultural Sciences Toward Regional Sustainability





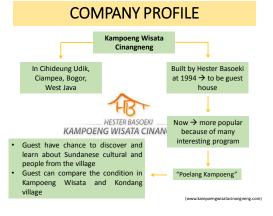




#### Agrotourism "Kampoeng Wisata Cinangneng"

19th August 2015





#### **ENVIRONMENT**

#### Positive

High biodiversity in both of village

Minimum tillage of soil in both of village

Irrigation system is quite good



cultivation

Suggestion

Keep doing that method to do farming

Increasing the cleanness of irrigation

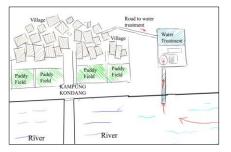
Villagers have to manage the biodiversity around them so can keep the sustainability of biodiversity

Negative	Problem solving
Many plant infected by pest and pathogen	Using biological control and rotation cultivation to manage population of plant pest and pathogen, ex : use duck to control snail ( <i>Pomacea</i> sp.)
Minimum usage of herbal plant in Kondang village	Improving post-harvest management in herbal plant
Minimum usage of house yard in Kondang village at dry season	Villagers try to plant others crop, such as: corn, peanut, long bean, etc
Kondang village is not as clean as Kampoeng wisata	Kampoeng wisata give a waste management education to villagers to keep clean the village, ex : separation between organic & anorganic waste
Over exploitation of resources in Cinangneng river	Subtitute exploitation activity with other activity, such as : "keramba ikan"
Villagers do not get clean water	Make traditional water purified facilitated by Kampoeng wisata
Kondang village become dirty because of chicken kampoeng fesses	Maximize farming of chicken kampoeng by using cage

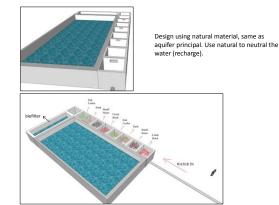
# Duck Road

- Make water lane
   Decreasing water in land
   Snail will go to waterland
   Duck will eat snails

#### Water Treatment



Villager had lack of clean water, why don't we use traditional water treatment? We can fullfill water from river with some treatment.



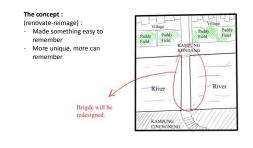
SOCIETY

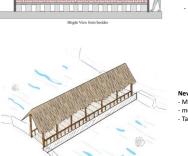
Positive	Suggestion
Increasing relationship activity between villagers from Kondang village with people who visit Kampoeng wisata	Villagers have to be more interactive to introduce their village
Kondang village become more famous	Increasing the promotion about
because of Kampoeng wisata	Kampoeng wisata
Increasing knowledge of villagers in	Give an education to villagers about many
Kondang village	aspects in agrotourism
Decreasing the number of unemployment	Increasing their skill so employee can
in Kondang village	work better

Negative	Probem solving
Kondang village too much depend on Kampoeng wisata.	Kondang village can develop their village by their self and not too much depend on Kampoeng wisata. Villagers can make an organization to manage their home industry product.
Villagers of Kondang village do not have good behavior about waste management	Kampoeng wisata can give some education about waste management to villagers, example: separation between organic and an-organic waste.
Minimum agriculture education in Kondang village	Kampoeng Wisata must give an agriculture education to villagers, so they can explain about the agriculture condition in their village.
"Poelang Kampoeng" bridge is not interesting because it does not represent village condition	Kampoeng wisata must renovate the bridge become more interesting, so it can be symbol of Kampoeng Wisata.
Scenery of tourism track in kondang village is not interesting	Make beautiful garden in the houseyard of villagers so Kondang village become more interesting, ex : vertical garden
Kampoeng wisata does not have satisfaction parameter from visitor	Make quisioner to know visitor satisfaction

#### **Re-Design Brigde Construction**

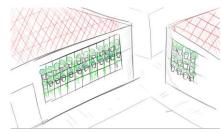
From civil enginering view, more be good, if brigde renovate to similar with Cinangneng village, the concept use Rebranding, can affect physiochological , to give more taste of Cinangneng Village.





Old Brigde: - No Taste Village - Standart Brigde

New Bridge: - More eco-friendly - more village design - Taste of kampoeng



Design of green wall with vertical garden



RENOVATE DESIGN

Positive	Suggestion
Kampoeng village can increase income of villager	Increasing more cooperative system like: traditional market to sell farmers product
Tourism package system well done	Making more package system for increasing income and add more agricultural activity
Villagers can produce handcraft from re-use material	Making a center shop in village to sell handcraft product so villager do not need to go city

Negative	Probem solving
No data record about income	Making data record to evaluate economic sustainability
Minimum income from kampoeng chicken	Maximizing farming of kampoeng chicken by using cage
Minimum post harvest management	Making a home industry to process agricultural product to increase prod value
Herbal plant is not commercialized	Making a herbal medicine from herba plant and sell it to increase the incom





#### CONCLUSION

- "Kampoeng Wisata" already developed 3 main factors: Economy, Society, and Environment but the 3 main factors were not sustain
- Kampoeng wisata and Kondang village must work together to realize sustainability



#### Agroindustry "PTPN VIII Kebun Cikasungka"

20th August 2015



#### PALM OIL ECOLOGY IMPACT

Conversion of land for large-scale oil palm plantations is basically a major cause of the loss of a number of Indonesia's forest cover. The establishment of vast monoculture oil palm plantations has a number of environmental impacts.

The two most serious are:

- 1. large-scalle forest conversion
- 2. loss of critical habbit for endangered species

Other impacts include:

- 1. soil erosion
- 2. air pollution
- 3. soil & water pollution
- 4. climate change



#### Palm oil social impacts

New plantations can also create social conflicts if the rights and livelihoods of local communities are ignored. Not only can this cause negative external impacts but it can also affect the companies involved, and hamper the ability of the companies to expand as planned.



#### So....

How about Cikasungka Palm oil plantation?

Are they were sustain? (Society, Economi, Environment)

#### Are they were concepted Zero emission?





#### Company Profile Kebun Cikasungka usantara VIII-Bogor

- Established at 2001, first harvest 2005
- Owned by Goverment for total area 114.434 ha consist of Palm field and Factory
- Product : Crude Palm Oil (CPO) and Palm Cernel Oil (PCO)
- Convertion : Rubber plantation→Palm Plantation.

#### **CPO and PCO Process**



#### Sustainability analysis (Economy point of view)

#### Positive

- ➤Contribute income to local goverment
- ➤Totally increasing worker from before (Rubber plantation)
- ≻Increasing acquisition economy worker
- ➤The second produsen prefer buy CPO and PCO from Cikasungka due to near.
- Have applied blocks of plant by age to make easy in sampling the mature bunch. it makes efficient in time.

#### Sustainability analysis (Economy point of view)

#### Suggestion

Make a data documentation of profit every month to forecast the next income and do the action if the forecast result is decreasing

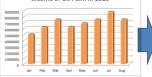
Apply remote sensing in every trees by given high tech tools to detect the mature bunch.



#### Simulation of Economic Calculation

			of Oil Palm Cikasun	•	
Year	Month	Income	Maintenance	Net benefit	Difference
2015	Jan	10000000	5000000	5000000	(- \
	Feb	11250000	5000000	6250000	/ 1250000
	Mar	12500000	5000000	7500000	1250000
	Apr	11250000	5000000	6250000	-1250000
	May	11875000	5000000	6875000	625000
	Jun	12500000	5000000	7500000	625000
	Jul	13750000	5000000	8750000	1250000
	Aug	12500000	5000000	7500000	4250000

Income of Oil Palm in 2015



By descriptive analysis we can see that the income is increase, but can we believe that it really sustainable??

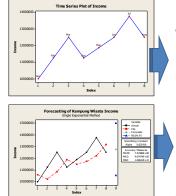
Sustainable in statistics means the difference of benefit each month does not decrease.

Formal test by t-test: H0: D >=0 (The income could be stagnant or increase) H1: D < 0 (The income is decrease)

t-test : 
$$t - value = \frac{\bar{d} - d0}{Sd} = \frac{357142.9 - 0}{1132908.7} = 0.3152442$$
  
 $t - table = 2.447$ 

Conclusion : Because then we are not reject H0. It means that the existence of Cikasungka was sustained along year 2015.

Do we want the company is sustain? Of course YES!! Sollution: Do the forecasting for income



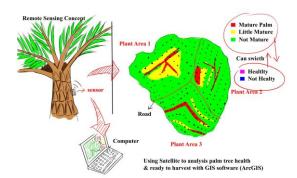
That is the Time series plot of PlantationIncome in 2015 from January until August.

Next purpose : Forecast Income for September and October 2015

Green dot is a forecasting value for September and the blue dot is a lower border and upper border of the income forecast. The value for lower border, income forecasting and upper border is Rp.10.528.977, Rp.12.752.249 and Rp.14.975.520 respectively.

From the result of forecasting, Plantation management can make some strategy of selling to get income around the forecasting income.

How to make the income sustain? We can distribute the questionnaire for visitor satisfaction. So we can improve the quality as we want.



## Sustainability analysis (Environment point of view)

#### Positive

➤Waste from leaves and zero bunch are good for keep soil humidity.

#### ➢Negative

Liquid waste processing result are still dumped into the environment which is feared would endanger for human, animal & plant who lived around.

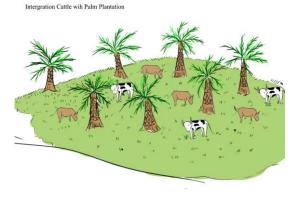
#### Sustainability analysis (Environment point of view)

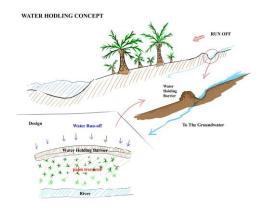
#### Suggestion

- Don't put too much waste to the palm tree because it can make host which will cause a disease
- Integration local cattle with palm plantation. Cattle give organic fertilizer to plantation & plantation give grass to the cattle.

Water holding management to prevent run off

Do the sampling of around ecology whether it still in good condition or not, and doing action to keep them good.





#### Sustainability analysis (Society point of view)

#### Positive

- ≻Open the oportunity to local people in getting a job at palm plantation.
- Solution As the place for student do the education visit and explore the system of factory.

#### Negative

Environment near plantation become hot and dusty in the air Employee's body pain because carry heavy bunch everyday.

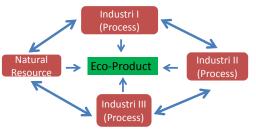
#### Sustainability analysis (Society point of view)

#### Suggestion

- Avoid using too much energy from employee because it makes pain for their body. It prefer using machine to harvest the mature bunch.
- Using local machine technology from IPB namely Fastrex to carry bunch after harvesting to the Trace Collecting (TC).
- Planting the conservation plant to absorb pollution and give fresh air to the environment.

### What suggestion for overall system to Cikasungka Palm oil Plantation?

#### Zero Emission = Integration System



#### Conclusion

For economy and social system have Sustanaibility but the ecology system not sustanaibility due to zero emission have not aplicated.





#### Dairy Farm "PT. Rejosari Bumi Farm"

21st August 2015



# COMPANY PROFILE History • Since 1974 belong to government land with 751 ha → private company Location • Tapos village, Ciawi, Bogor at 800-1000 masl Commodity • Beef cattle (Santa gertudis) → Dairy cattle (Jersey and Holstein)

Cattle sperm



Holstein Bull  $\rightarrow$  beef cattles



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POSITIVE	SUGGESTION
Has own forage plantation	Optimizing sorghum plantation by increasing maintenances
There is availability of water	Keep forest biodiversity
Farm areas in highland which is temperature suitable for cattle	
There are horticulture plant	Increasing maintenance of horticulture plant



Forage (King grass)



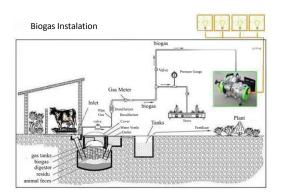


Water pond

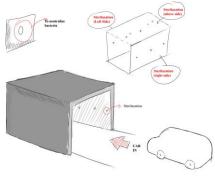


#### **ENVIRONMENT**

NEGATIVE	PROBLEM SOLVING
Doesn't have waste treatment	Setting up biogas installation
Planting sorghum continuously can out break diseases	Makes plant rotation or intercropping
Lack of maintained controlling pest and diseases of forage (sorghum and king grass)	Apply technology for control pest and diseases
Doesn't have sterilization gate	Make sterilization gate to prevent diseases for cattle



# Sterilization gate $\rightarrow$ Avoid disease contamination



#### ECONOMY

POSITIVE	SUGGESTION
Dairy cattle management already	Adding cattle population
good	Making quality control for next factory
Has post harvest product	Making innovation products
	Continuously makes product not only by order
	Surveying what product people wants
	Making their own brand
Has own forage plantation	increasing maintenances of forage plantation
Has organic fertilizer from manure	Setting up biogas installation
Has steers, bulls, and rejected cows to increasing income	



NEGATIVE	PROBLEM SOLVING
They use electricity from government electricity	Reduce usage electricity from government by setting up biogas
Concentrate for cattle is expensive	Use waste of bean sprouts husk
Low price of milk	Make innovation products
	Survey what products people wants
Poor management of horticulture plant	Make a better management for horticulture plant so the yield can be sold to increasing income factory



SOCIETY

POSITIVE	SUGGESTION
Dairy cattle management already good	By Adding cattle population can open job opportunity to communities
Has own forage plantation	By increasing maintenances of forage plantation can open job opportunity to communities
Has post harvest product	By Make innovation products, Continuously makes product not only by order, Make their own brand can open job opportunity to communities
Have contribution for employee health	
Have contribution for communities activities such as organization, education	
NEGATIVE	
Pollution of water	No complain from villagers

#### CONCLUSION

• This factory has already sustain for short term but has to improve the management of farming system, product processing, forage management, and land management.





Arigatou gozaimasu Terima kasih

